Walk-in Slide: AU 2014 Social Media Feed

1. Click on the link below, this will open your web browser

http://aucache.autodesk.com/social/visualization.html

2. Use "Extended Display" to project the website on screen if you plan to work on your computer. Use "Duplicate" to display same image on screen and computer.



Mining concrete- how to modify a concrete model for quantification and 4D simulation

Daniel Doherty

Manager of Virtual Construction

@DanSDoherty





Class summary

From a General Contractors perspective, using concrete design models for quantity takeoffs can be a frustrating and sometimes futile exercise. Design models are seldom built to mimic site construction and more often than not, contain very little relevant embedded information. With some simple modification and customization, we can pull valuable information while facilitating downstream Navisworks 4D utility.



Key learning objectives

At the end of this class, you will be able to:

- Learn how to quickly modify concrete models to represent actual construction in order to better ensure more accurate information
- Learn how to create and add custom materials into existing families to automate formwork quantity extraction
- Learn how to break up a concrete model to use in Navisworks software
 4D simulations
- Discover how custom parameters in Revit software can be capitalized on by Navisworks software search sets



Clark Builders

- <1B Volume in 2014</p>
- Commercial, Industrial, Residential
- 75% DB 20% CM 5% DBB
- Self perform Concrete
- Partnership with Turner Construction since 2013







Outline

- Auditing the model
- Modifying the geometry
- Performing the QTO- workarounds

concrete volume and formwork contact area of: strip footings, pad/raft footings, core walls, one sided foundation walls, columns, slab on grade, suspended slabs, ramp walls and ramp soffit area.

- Dividing model up for a 4D
- Linking geometry into Navisworks Timeliner





Auditing Geometry



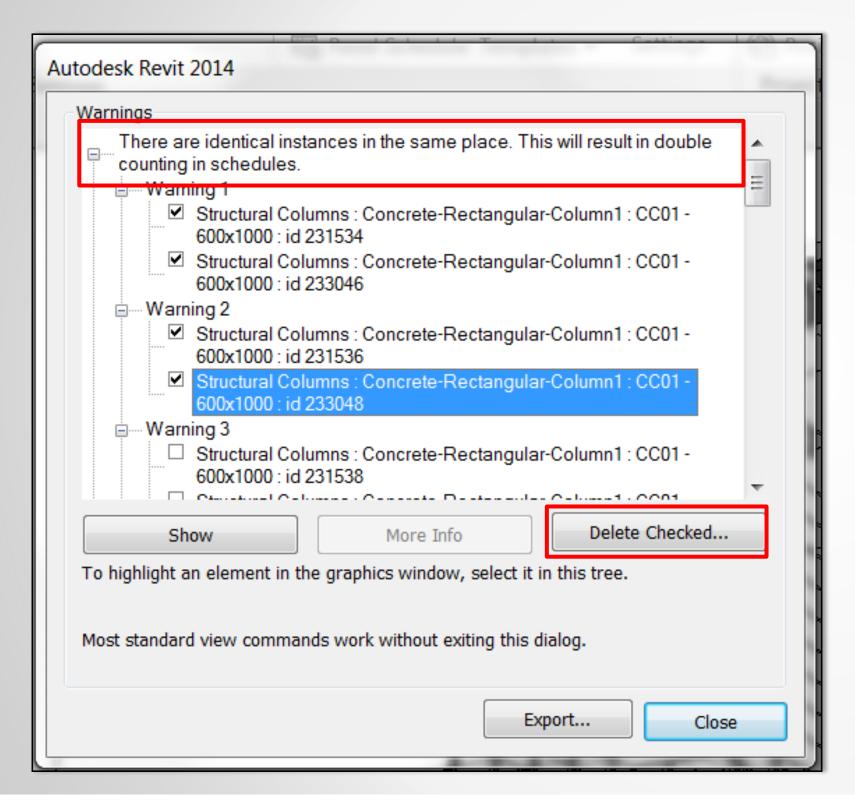
Common issues

- Duplicated elements (columns, overlapping walls, beams...)
- Constraints
- Joined or Unjoined geometry
- Inconsistent Materials
- Family Categories





Warnings !

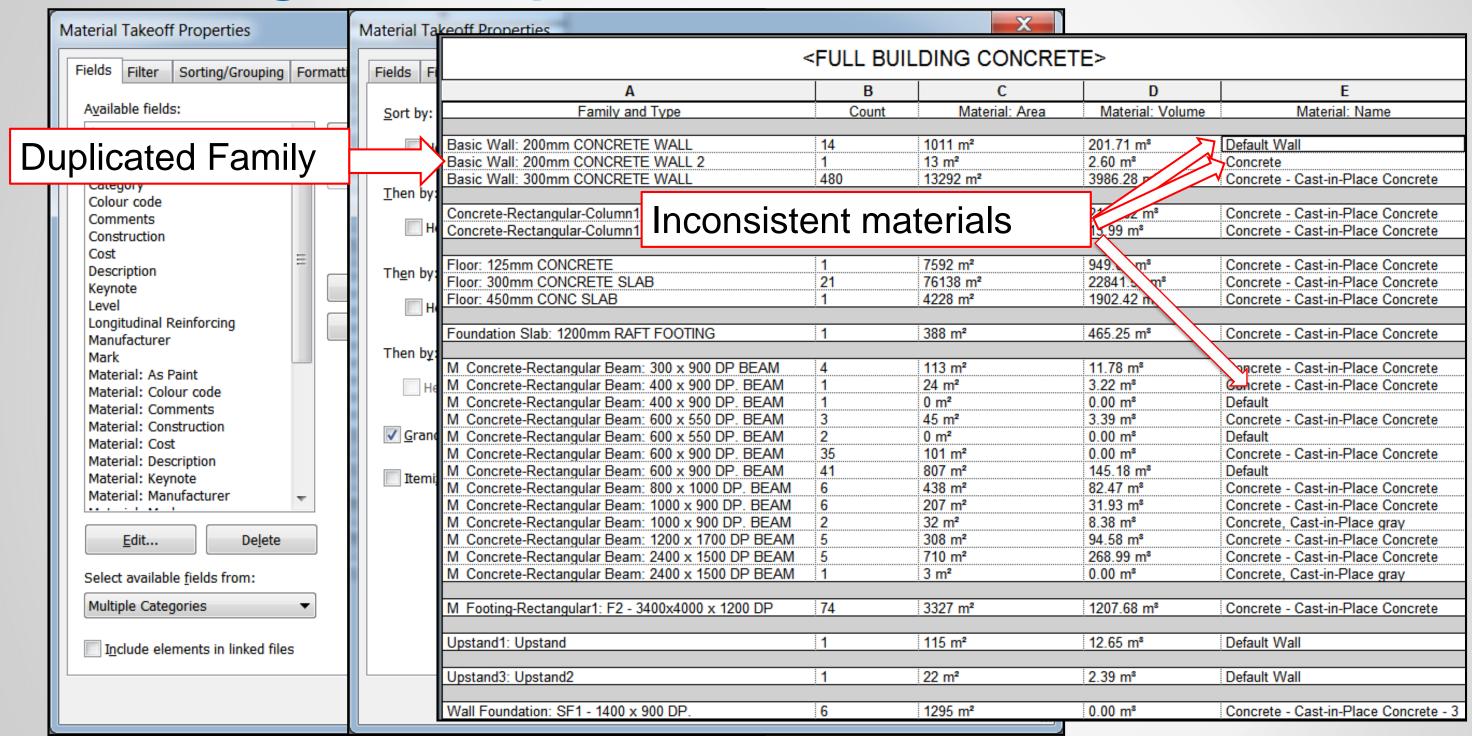




Go through the warnings to find the duplicated elements that are not obvious in a visual check



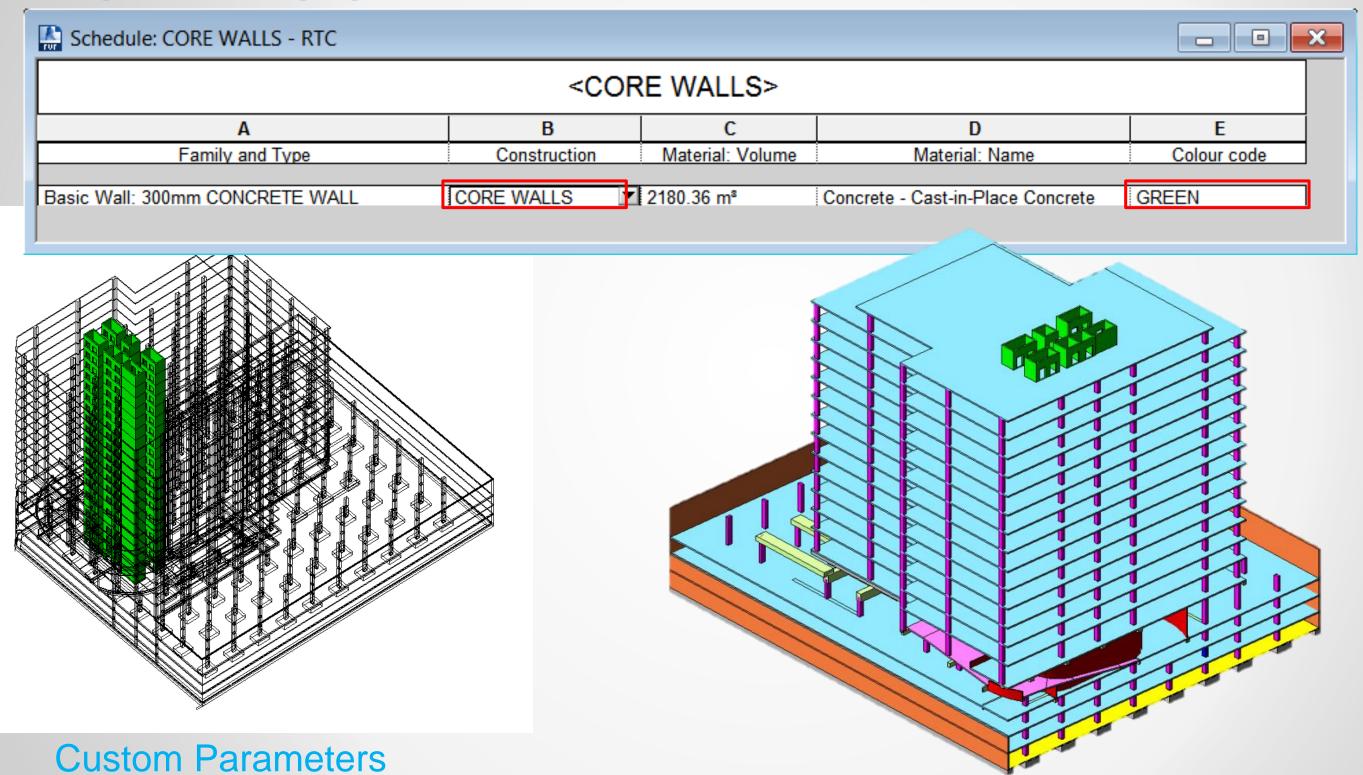
Isolating hidden problems

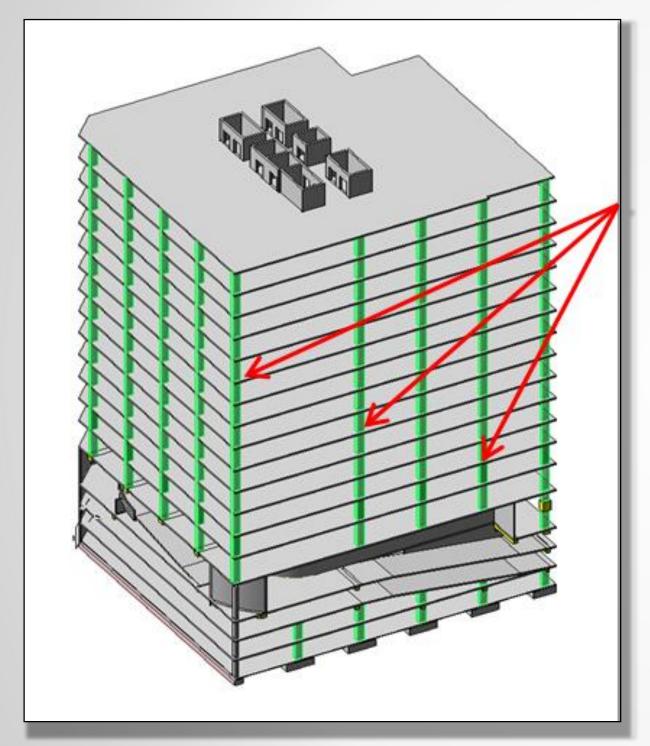




Organizing geometry Floor **Project Parameters** 450mm CONC SLAB Material Takeoff Properties Floors (1) Fields Filter Sorting/Grouping Formatting Appearance Parameters available to elements in this Constraints Scheduled fields (in order): Available fields: T/O N Level 4D location Family <u>A</u>dd --> Height Offset From Level -960.0 4D location Family and Type Room Bounding Assembly Code Construction Colour code <-- Remove Related to Mass Assembly Description Count Construction Material: Area Category Structural Comments Material: Volume 1 Structural Material: Name Cost 1 **Enable Analytical Model** Description Colour code Keynote Rebar Cover - Top Face Interio Level Add Parameter... Rebar Cover - Bottom Face Interio Longitudinal Reinforcing Rebar Cover - Other Faces None Manufacturer Calculated Value... Mark Dimensions Material: As Paint Slope Material: Colour code 42263 Perimeter Material: Comments Material: Construction 4227. Area Material: Cost 1902. Volume Material: Description Thickness 450.0 Material: Keynote Material: Manufacturer **Identity Data** Material: Mark Comments Mark Delete Delete Edit... Edit... Colour code **BLUE** SUSPI Construction Select available fields from: 4D location Move Down Multiple Categories Move Up OK Cancel Phasing Phase Created New Include elements in linked files Phase Demolished None **Custom Parameters** OK Cancel Help

Organizing geometry

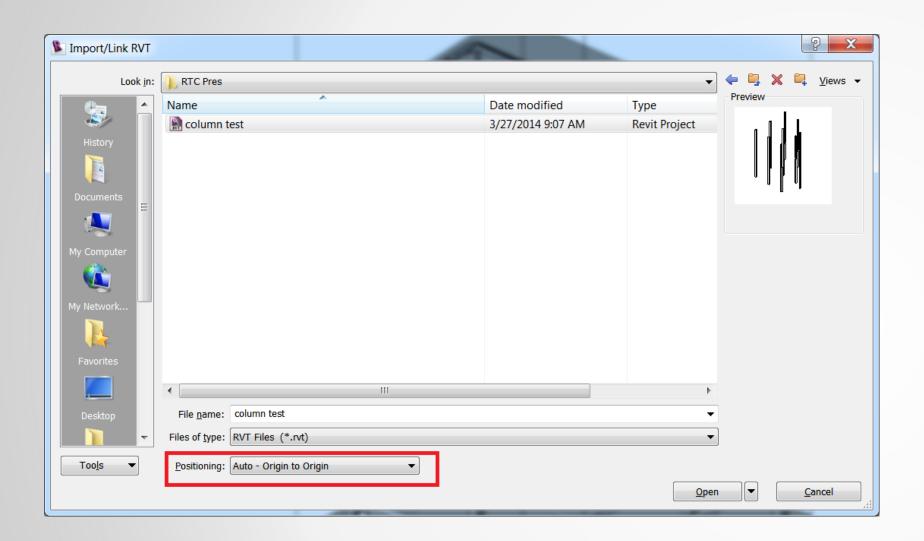




Columns that run the full height of the building show up fine in the 2D views, but will throw off quantities

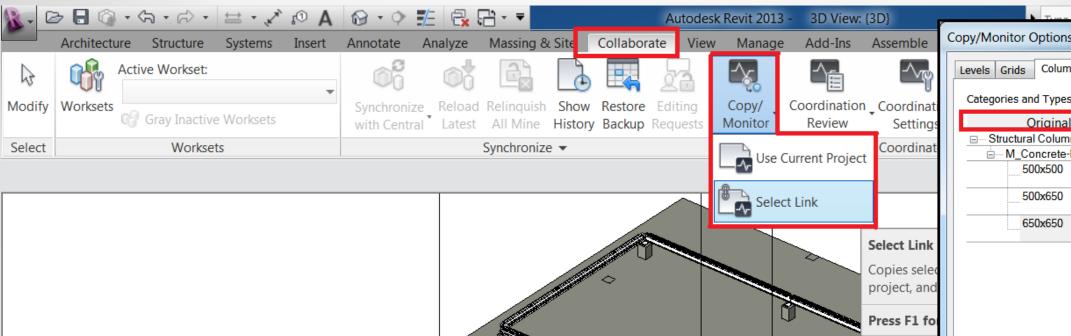
- 1. Volume of Concrete and area of formwork are both affected
- Geometry is insufficient for 4D analysis



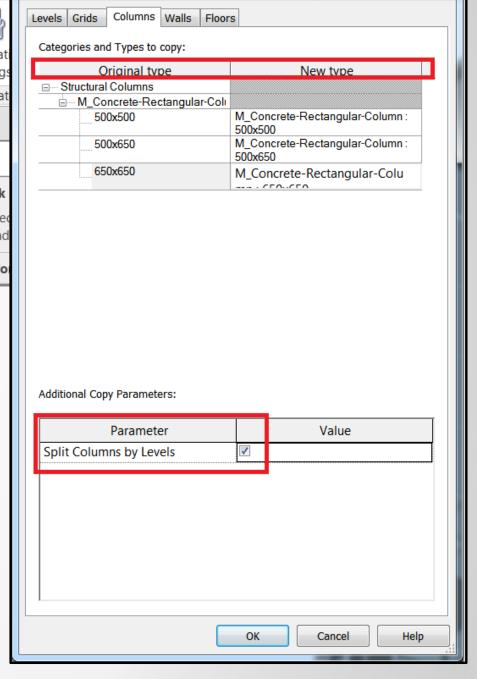


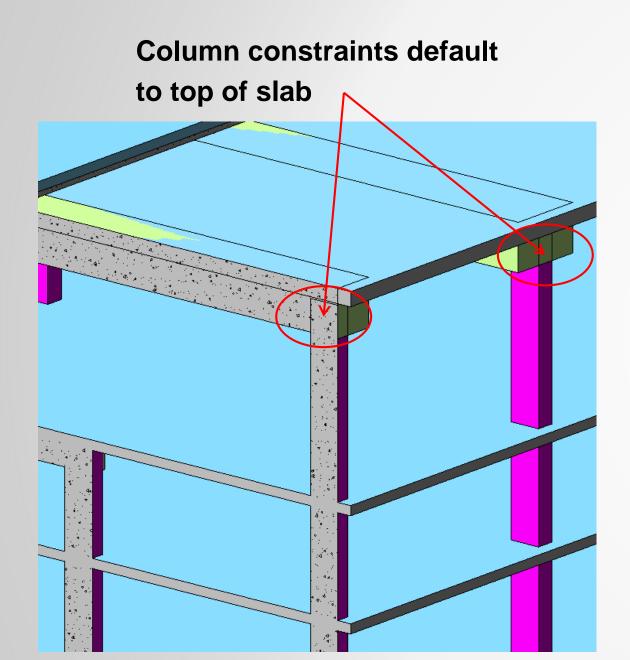
- 1. Select and group all the columns you want to split.
- 2. Find the group you just created in the Project Browser and save it as a separate rvt. file
- 3. Link that rvt. file into your project making sure it's positioning is origin to origin

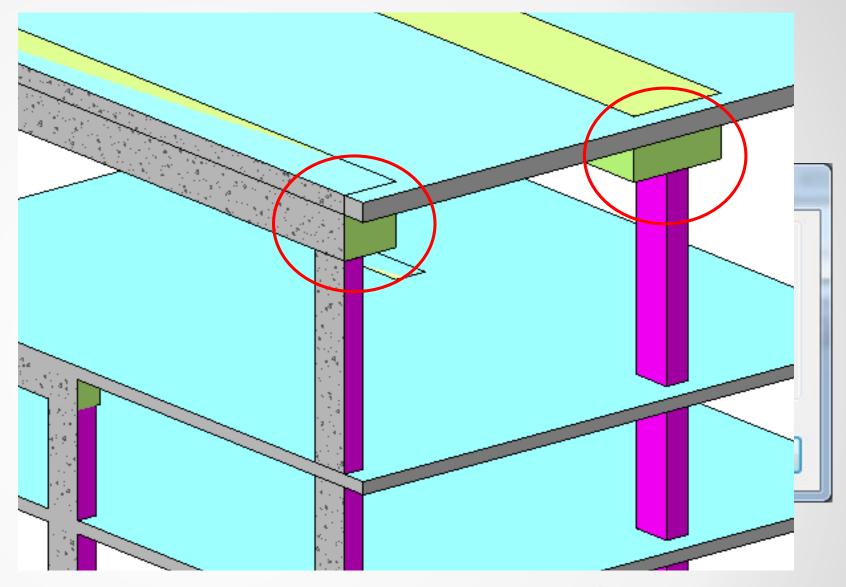




- **4.** Under the collaborate tab, use the Copy/Monitor tool and select the linked file
- **5.** Select options, then under the columns tab and check the "Split columns by Levels" box, making sure that your "New type" matches your "Original type"
- 6. Be sure to select the "multiple" box before using the copy function
- **7.** Select all the columns and select finish on the options bar by the multiple checkbox, and finish again on the copy/monitor command.
- 8. Delete the group and unload the linked file.

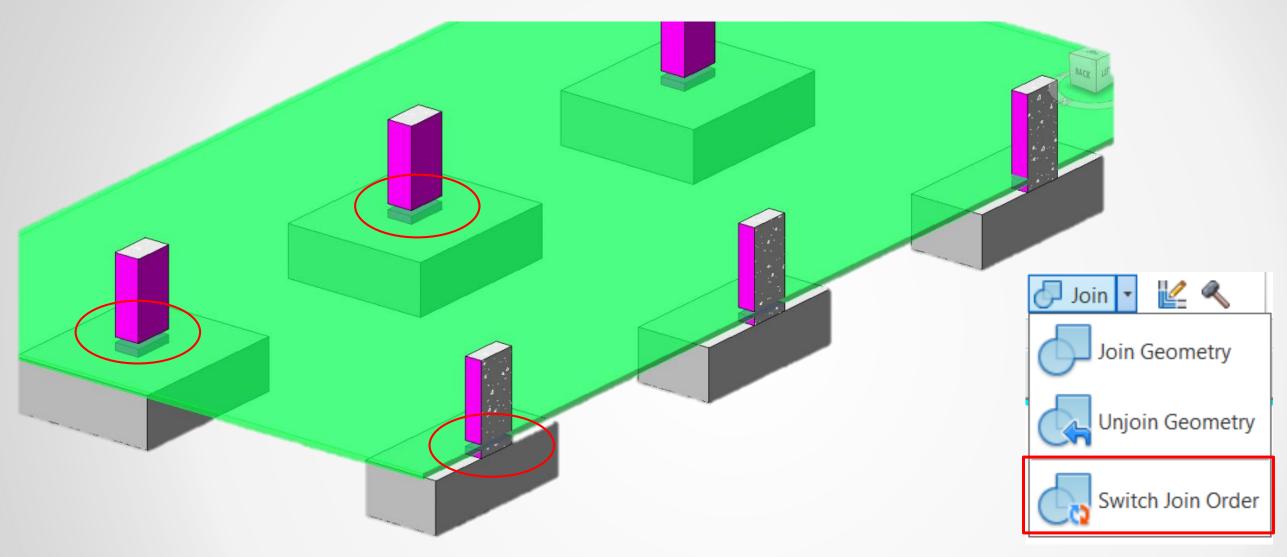






- I. Detach column if attached to slab/beam
- 2. Set top offset lower than bottom of beam
- 3. Attach Top to beam

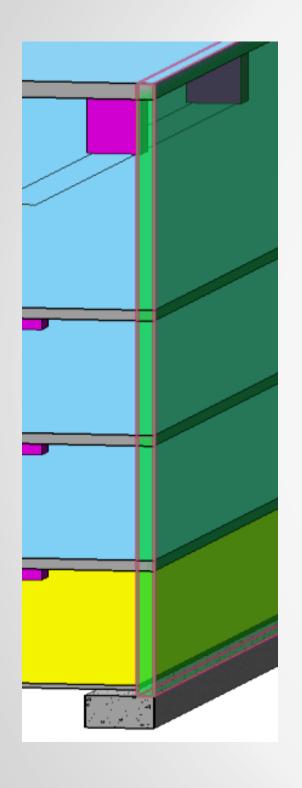




- 1. Switch join order
- 2. Grab a coffee...

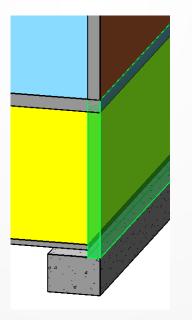


Modifying geometry - Walls

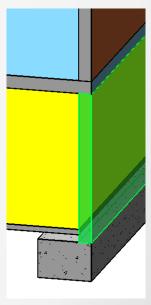


Walls that run the full height of the building show up fine in the 2D views, will not throw off quantities if geometry is joined properly, but again is insupportable for 4D analysis later.

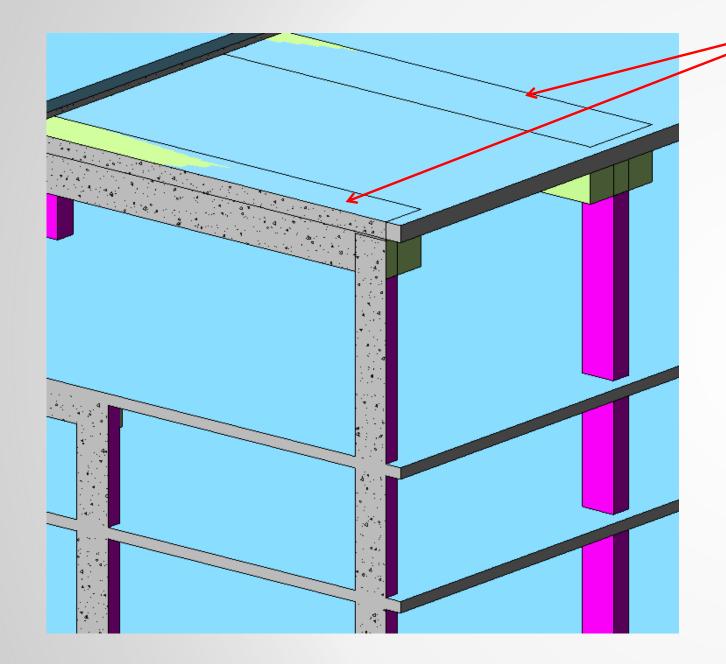
Can be solved with **Split** tool



And modifying the constraints



Modifying geometry



Beams

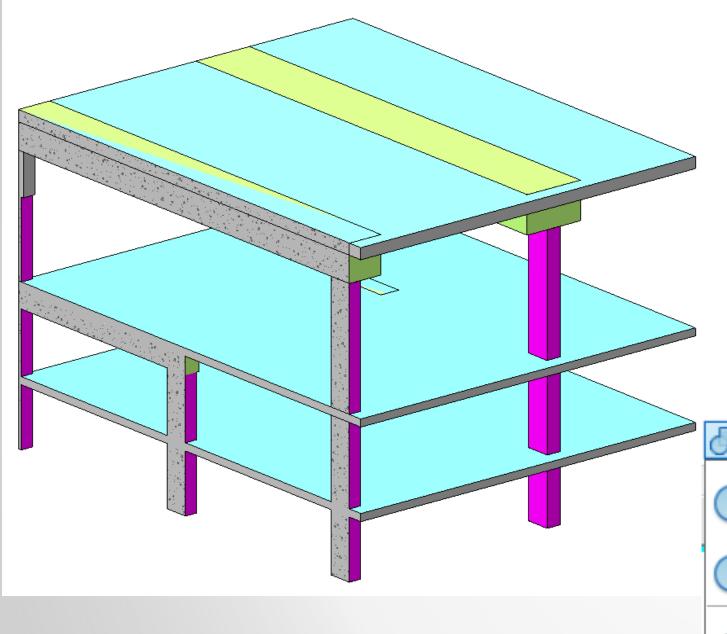
Beams not joined with slab



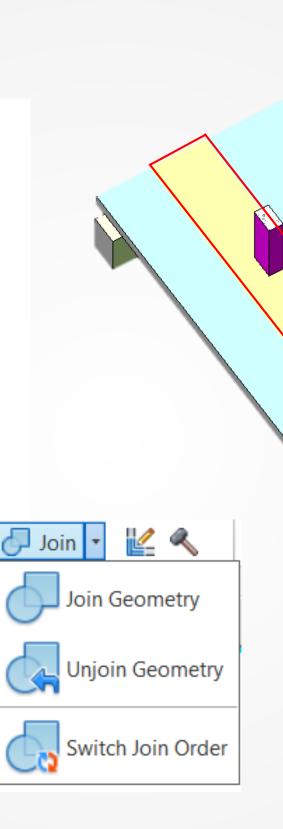
http://www.peri-usa.com/index.cfm



Modifying geometry









2. <u>SWITCH JOIN ORDER!</u>

FULL BUILDING CONCRETE							
Α	В	С	D	E	F		
Family and Type	Construction	Count	Material: Volume	Material: Name	Colour code		
Basic Wall: 200mm CONCRETE WALL	RAMP WALLS	15	204.31 m ⁸	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	RED		
Basic Wall: 300mm CONCRETE WALL	CORE WALLS	460	2180.36 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	GREEN		
Basic Wall: 300mm CONCRETE WALL	ONE SIDED FOUNDATION	20	1804.18 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	ORANGE		
Concrete-Rectangular-Column1: CC01 - 600x1000	COLUMNS	811	1817.56 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	MAGENTA		
Concrete-Rectangular-Column1: CC01 - 800x1000	COLUMNS	186	535.93 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	MAGENTA		
Floor: 125mm CONCRETE	SLAB ON GRADE	1	942.90 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	YELLOW		
Floor: 300mm CONCRETE SLAB	RAMP SLAB	3	289.29 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	PINK		
Floor: 300mm CONCRETE SLAB	SUSPENDED SLAB	17	21567.22 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	BLUE		
Floor: 450mm CONC SLAB	SUSPENDED SLAB	1	1947.55 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	BLUE		
Foundation Slab: 1200mm RAFT FOOTING	RAFT SLAB	1	465.25 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	GREY		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 300 x 900 DP BEAM	BEAM	4	11.71 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 400 x 900 DP. BEAM	BEAM	1	3.22 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 600 x 550 DP. BEAM	BEAM	3	5.86 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 600 x 900 DP. BEAM	BEAM	41	144.77 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 800 x 1000 DP. BEAM	BEAM	6	81.07 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 1000 x 900 DP. BEAM	BEAM	6	56.16 m³	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 1200 x 1700 DP BEAM	BEAM	5	95.53 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 2400 x 1500 DP BEAM	BEAM	5	321.07 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	LIGHT GREEN		
M Footing-Rectangular1: F2 - 3400x4000 x 1200 DP	PAD FOOTING	74	1207.68 m ^s	Concrete - Cast-in-Place Concrete	GREY		
			33681.60 m ^s				

Concrete volume









2(W x ST) + 2(L x ST) x Count = slab to beam contact

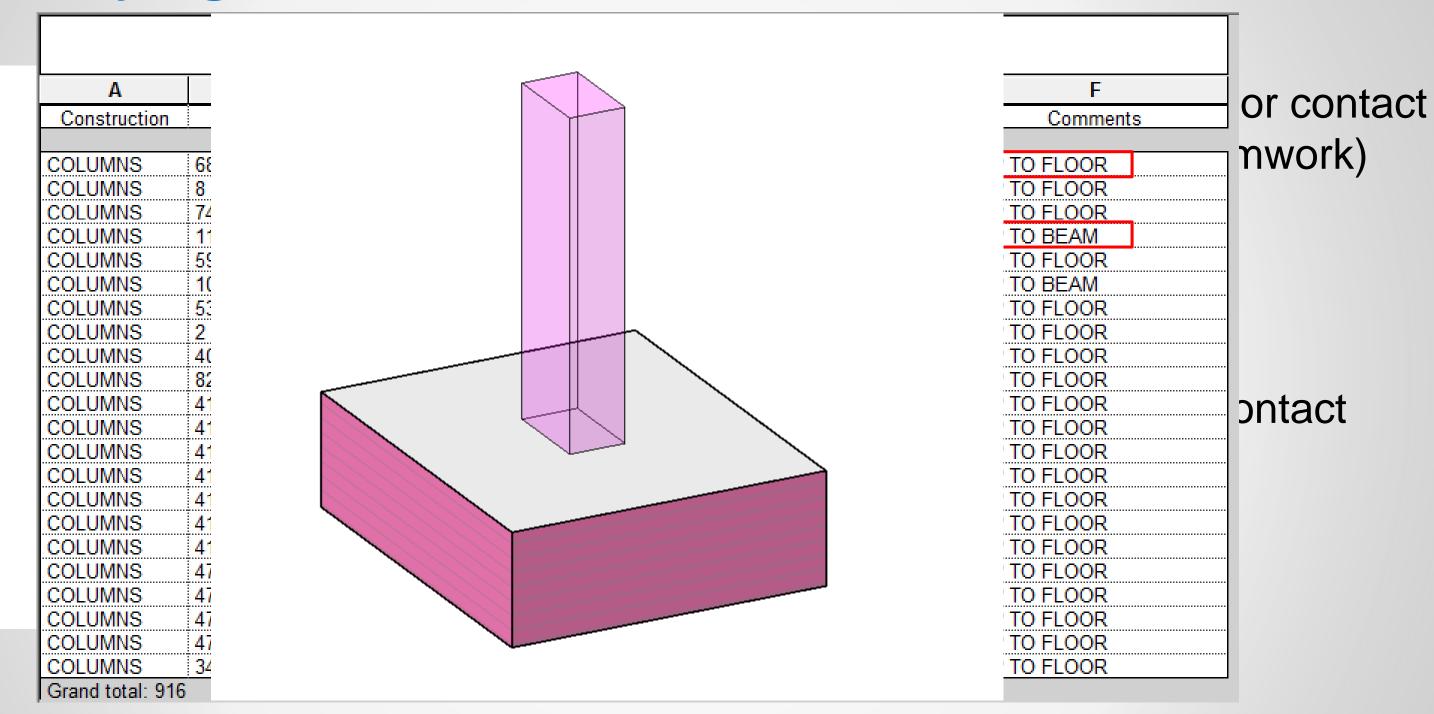
<beam schedule=""></beam>							
Α	В	С	D				
Family and Type	Count	Length	slab to beam contact				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 300 x 900 DP BEAM	5	54.14 m	32.64 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 400 x 900 DP. BEAM	1	9.23 m	5.78 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 600 x 550 DP. BEAM	3	23.86 m	14.67 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 600 x 900 DP. BEAM	42	336.07 m	202.02 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 800 x 1000 DP. BEAM	6	117.03 m	70.51 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 1000 x 900 DP. BEAM	6	72.42 m	44.05 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 1200 x 1700 DP BEAM	5	50.91 m	31.26 m²				
M Concrete-Rectangular Beam: 2400 x 1500 DP BEAM	5	94.77 m	58.3 m²				

http://www.peri-usa.com/index.cfm

Formwork Beams

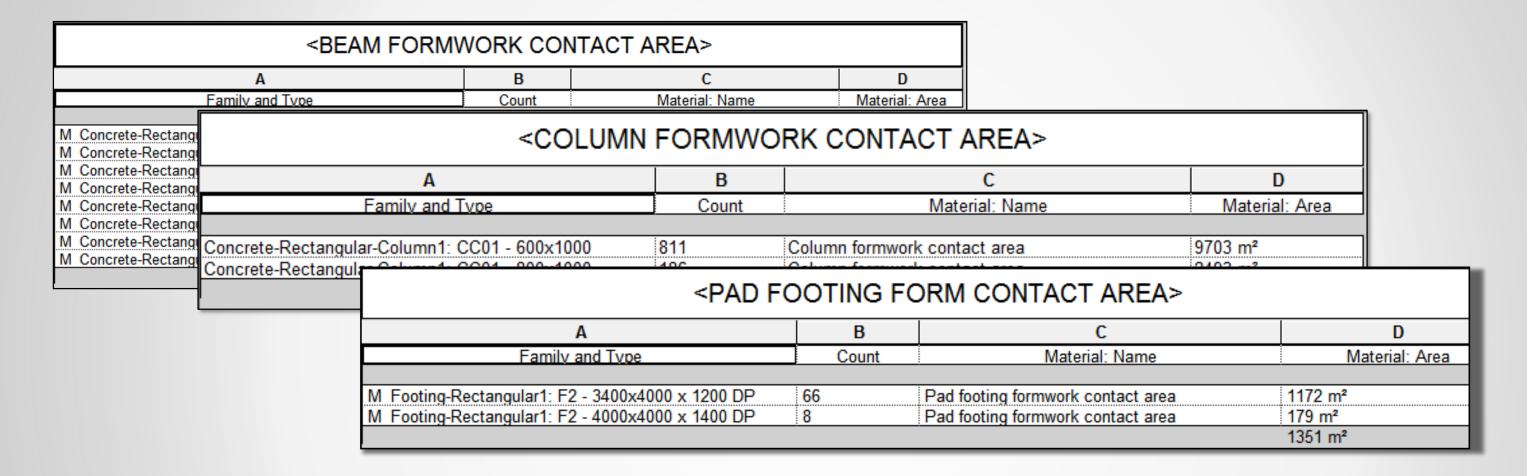






Formwork Columns





- Strip footing = 2 * (Length / 1 m² * Foundation Thickness)
- Core walls (two sides of area) = (Area / 1) *2
- 1 Sided Foundation walls = Area (system family is one sided by default)
- Suspended slabs = Area (as long as geometry is joined right)

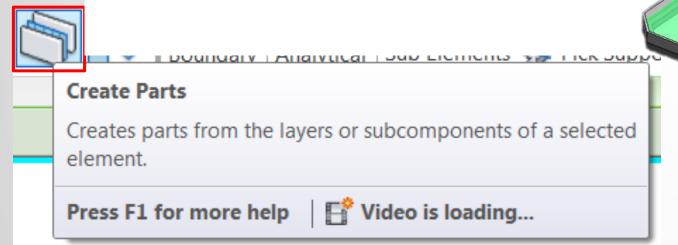




Separating geometry

 For a 4D analysis geometry must be broken up and identified before exporting into Navisworks.

For this, the parts tool works best!

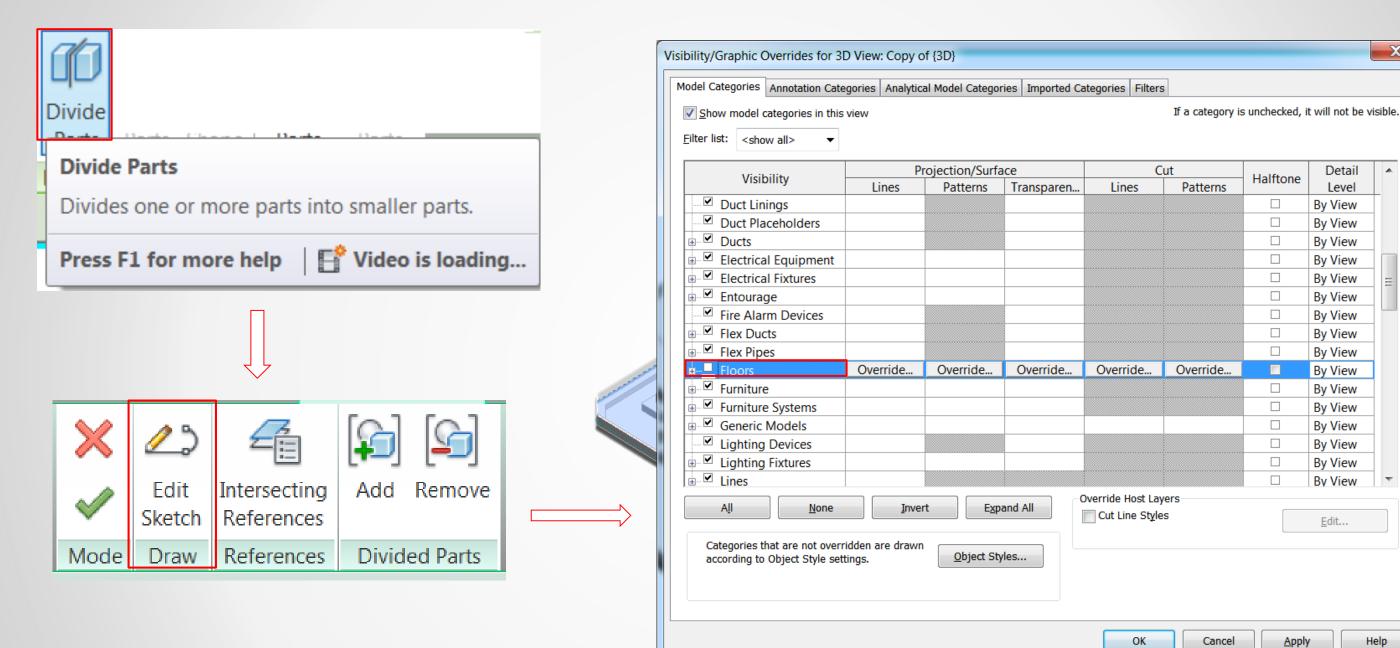








Separating geometry



Slab Pours

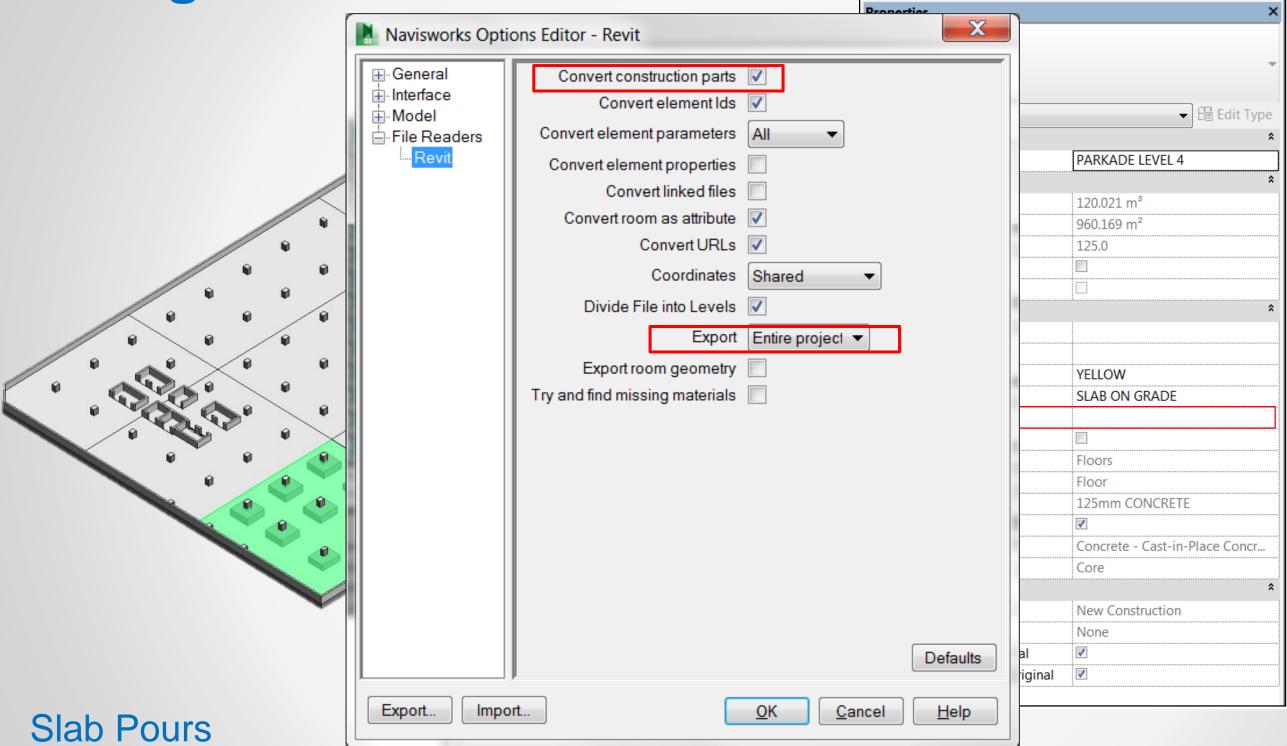




Level

Help

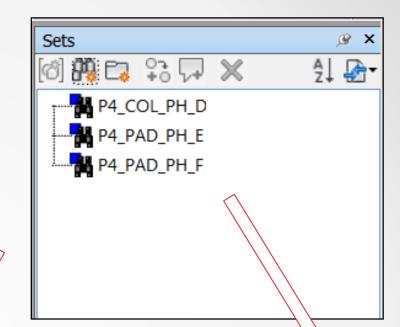
Linking to Navisworks

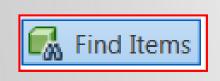


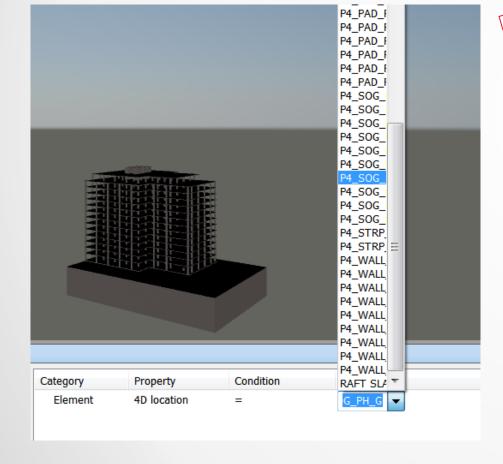


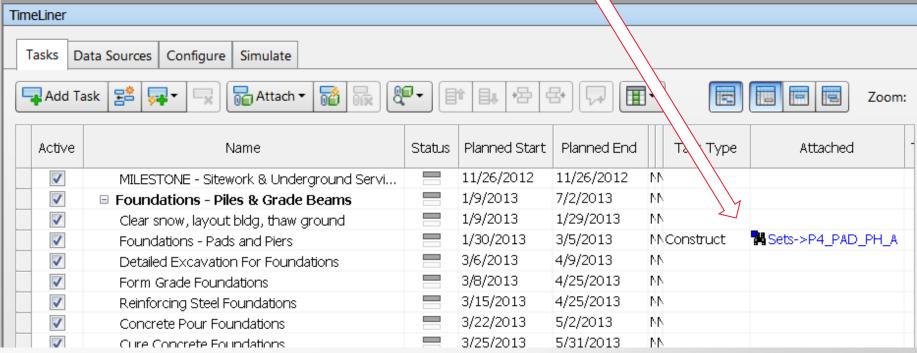
Linking to Navisworks

- Existing MS Project or Primavera schedule
 - Utilize search sets to attach geometry
 - Search sets will retain selection if Revit model is updated





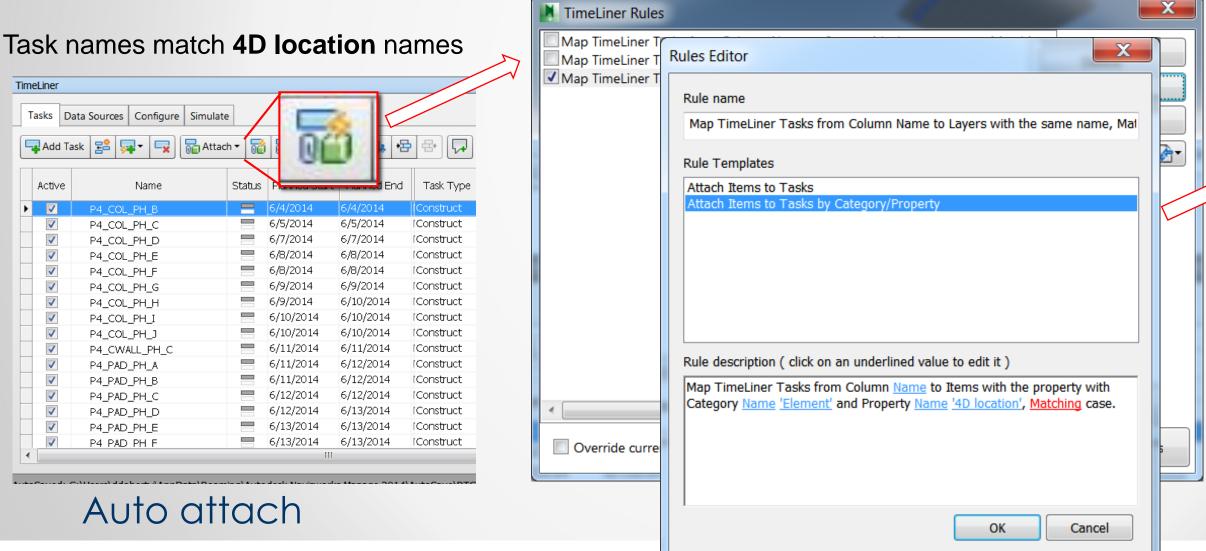


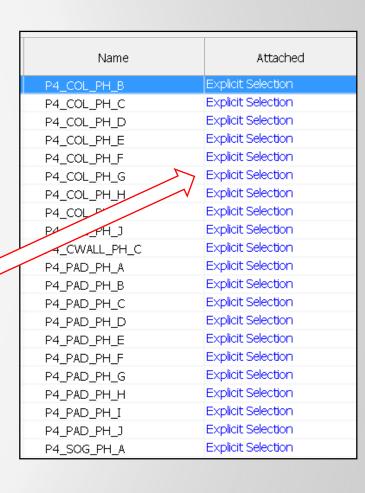




Linking to Navisworks

- Create new schedule tasks and durations
 - Utilize auto-attach using rules to expedite 4D creation







Session Feedback

Via the Survey Stations, email or mobile device

AU 2015 passes given out each day!

Best to do it right after the session

Instructors see results in real-time





Questions?



